Child identified as suitable for Heated and Humidified High Flow Therapy (HHHFT) or CPAP but will need intra-hospital transfer (e.g Emergency department to ward environment). Note: for inter-hospital transfer call STRS for advise

Is Reliable transfer HHHFT/CPAP equipment available?

Yes

Commence therapy prior to transfer and follow HHHFT or Infant CPAP guideline as appropriate

Prior to transfer

- Patient assessed by a Senior clinician to establish the risk of deterioration during transfer.
- 2. High Risk group- Should be transferred by a paediatric airway competent health care professional (HCP) and a Nurse with Paediatric Basic life support. If no improvement is seen since commencing therapy consider delaying transfer
- 3. Medium Risk Group- Should be transferred by a competent HCP and a Nurse trained in Paediatric Basic life support.

Is transfer likely to happen within 30 mins? Yes Do not commence HHHFT/CPAP prior to transfer. **Ensure Therapy can commence on arrival at** destination.

No

Prior to transfer

- 1. Clinical team must assess patient prior to transfer to establish risk of deterioration during transfer
- 2. A paediatric basic life support trained nurse is the minimum requirement for this group.
- 3. Oxygen delivery method does not need to change but Non Re-breath oxygen mask should to hand.
- 4. HHHFT/CPAP should be commenced immediately on arrival at destination

Severe respiratory distress Moderate respiratory distress. (Some recession and/or use of (prominent recession and Marked use accessory muscles) of accessory muscles) Simple face mask oxygen or Saturations<92% on Oxygen or receiving 2 Litres Nasal Cannula Oxygen FiO2 > 0.5 maintaining oxygen saturations >92% Apnoea and/or bradycardic episodes Clinically tiring No Commence therapy prior to transfer and follow HHHFT or Infant CPAP guideline as appropriate

High risk

Medium risk

Prior to transfer

- 1. Patient assessed by a Senior clinician to establish the risk of deterioration during transfer without HHHFT.
- 2. Should be transferred by a paediatric airway competent health care professional and a Nurse with Paediatric Basic life support.
- 3. Oxygen delivery method during transfer should be 15L via Non Re-breath oxygen mask unless airway/Critical Care trained staff are competent in delivering PEEP via mask and Ayres T-piece (NBM, NG on free drainage,, consider oxygen requirement to ensure adequate supply for entire journey.)
- 4. Consider static trial period to establish tolerance and stability.
- 5. HHHFT should be recommenced immediately on arrival at destination

This appendix has been added in response to the National Patient safety alert on 1/04/20 reference NatPSA/2020/002/NHSPS Specifically in response to the action:

Do NOT start HFNO in any emergency department or short stay without a plan for how to transfer the patient onwards

